WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. method for manipulating a broadcast signal, the method
2	comprising:
3	receiving the signal at a headend;
4	establishing a sliding-window time range of the signal that slides at
5	a playback rate as the signal is received; and
6	transmitting at least two streams from the headend, the at least two
7	streams being derived from the signal, and each stream originating from a
8	corresponding different playback point in the sliding-window time range.
1	2. The method of claim 1 wherein transmitting the at least two
2	streams further comprises:
3	transmitting substantially all of the sliding-window time range of the
4	signal from the headend to form a substantially continuous range of streams.
1	3. The method of claim wherein the at least two streams have
2	a destination, and wherein the method further comprises:
3	receiving the at least two streams at the destination; and
4	in response to a user at the destination selecting a desired stream of
5	the at least two streams, playing the desired stream at the destination.
1	4. The method of claim 1 wherein the at least two streams have
2	a destination, and wherein the method further comprises:
3	receiving the at least two streams at an intermediate device;
4	in response to a user at the destination selecting a desired stream of
5	the at least two streams, unicasting the desired stream from the intermediate device
6	to the destination; and
7	playing the desired stream at the destination.
1	5. The method of claim 1 wherein the at least two streams have
2	a plurality of destinations, and wherein transmitting the at least two streams further
3	comprised

4	multicasting the at least two streams from the headend, and wherein
5	the method further comprises:
6	receiving the at least two streams at the plurality of destinations; and
7	at each destination, in response to a user at that destination selecting
8	a desired stream of the at least two streams, playing the desired stream at that
9	destination.
1	6. The method of claim 1 wherein the at least two streams have
2	a plurality of destinations, and wherein transmitting the at least two streams further
3	comprises:
4	multicasting the at least two streams from the headend, and wherein
5	the method further comprises:
6	receiving the multicasted at least two streams at a plurality of
7	intermediate devices;
8	at each destination, in response to a user at that destination selecting
9	a desired stream of the at least two streams, unicasting the desired stream from a
10	corresponding intermediate device to that destination; and
11	playing the desired stream at that destination.
1	7. The method of claim 1 wherein a current stream originating
2	at a current playback point is being received and played at the destination, the
3	method further comprising:
4	in response to a user at the destination requesting to pause,
5	incrementally switching from the current stream to a different stream of the at least
6	two streams that originates earlier in the sliding-window time range than the current
7	stream, and the incremental switching taking place at such a rate to cause the
8	playback point to remain substantially stationary in time; and
9	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stopping
10	the incremental switching.
1	8. The method of claim 1 wherein a current stream originating
2	at a current playback point is being received and played at the destination, the
3	method further comprising.

4	in response to a user at the destination requesting to rewire	ıd,
5	incrementally switching from the current stream to a different stream of the at lea	ast
6	two streams that originates earlier in the sliding-window time range than the curre	nt
7	stream, and the incremental switching taking place at such a rate to cause t	he
8	playback point to move backward in time; and	
9	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stoppi	ng
10	the incremental switching.	
1	9. The method of claim 1 wherein a current stream originati	ng
2	at a current playback point is being received and played at the destination, t	he
3	method further comprising:	
4	in response to a user at the destination requesting to fast-forward	:d,
5	incrementally switching from the current stream to a different stream of the at lea	ast
6	two streams that originates later in the sliding window time range than the curre	ent
7	stream, and the incremental switching taking place at such a rate to cause t	he
8	playback point to move forward in time; and	
9	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stoppi	ng
10	the incremental switching.	
1	10. The method of claim 1 wherein the two streams have	a
2	destination, and wherein the method further comprises:	
3	in response to user at the destination selecting a desired stream of t	he
4	at least two streams, receiving the desired stream at the destination;	
5	establishing a buffered storage queue at the destination; and	
6	in response to a user selecting a desired position in the storage quet	ıe,
7	playing the desired stream at the destination from the desired position in the buffer	ed
8	storage queue.	
1	11. A method for manipulating a broadcast signal, the meth	ъd
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6	transmitting a stream from the headend, the stream being derived from
7	the signal, and the stream originating from a user selected playback point in the
8	buffered storage queue.
1	12. The method of claim 11 wherein transmitting the stream
2	further comprises:
3	unicasting a plurality of streams, each stream being derived from the
4	signal, and each stream originating from a corresponding user selected playback
5	point in the storage queue.
1	13. The method of claim 11 wherein the stream is being received
2	and played at the destination, the method further comprising:
3	in response to a user at the destination requesting to pause, sliding the
4	user selected playback point within the queue at such a rate to cause the playback
5	point to remain substantially stationary in time; and
6	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stopping
7	the sliding.
1	14. The method of claim 11 wherein the stream is being received
2	and played at the destination, the method further comprising:
3	
4	the user selected playback point within the queue at such a rate to cause the playback
5	point to move backward in time; and
6	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stopping
7	the sliding.
1	15. The method of claim 11 wherein the stream is being received
2	
3	in response to a user at the destination requesting to fast-forward,
4	sliding the user selected playback point within the queue at such a rate to cause the
5	
6	in response to a user at the destination requesting to resume, stopping
7	the sliding.

1	16. The method of claim 11 wherein the stream has a destination,
2	and wherein the method further comprises:
3	receiving the stream at the destination;
4	establishing a buffered storage queue at the destination that receives
5	the signal; and
6	in response to a user selecting a desired position in the destination
7	buffered storage queue, playing the stream at the destination from the desired
8	position in the destination buffered storage queue.
1	17. A system for manipulating a broadcast signal, the system
2	comprising:
3	a headend for receiving the signal, the headend being operative to
4	establish a sliding-window time range of the signal that slides at a playback rate as
5	the signal is received, and the headend being further operative to transmit at least
6	two streams from the headend, the at least two streams being derived from the
7	signal, and each stream originating from a corresponding different playback point
8	in the sliding-window time range.
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1)N	18. A system for manipulating a broadcast signal, the system
2	comprising:
3	a headend for receiving the signal, the headend being operative to
4	establish a buffered storage queue at the headend, and the headend being further
5	operative to transmit a stream from the headend, the stream being derived from the
6	signal, and the stream originating from a user selected playback point in the buffered
7	storage queue.